

rebel The sentence was put into effect, and the reformer's ashes thrown into the Tiber.

Christian as he was, Republican, even Imperialist, filled with dreams of a Church purged from head to members, he died without a friend, and almost without a chronicler.

During these events Roger's successor was threatened by a coalition of internal rebels and the old foes. The Apulian baronage and the house of Capua were again in arms, and the Greeks took Bari (end of 1155). But after a brief struggle the kingdom which Roger had left so strong recovered

its balance; by May, 1156, the Greek conquests

had vanished, the rebels were scattered; and the treaty of Benevento (16th June, 1156) left

William I. a practical victor in the duel of Pope and King,

The Pope then abandoned the rights of the disinherited barons of Apulia and

Ostuni, and invested William not only in Amalfi,

Salerno,

Apulia, and Capua, but also in the lands *ultra*

Marsi, that is to say the northern

conquests up to the Tronto, William took for

the oath of homage and undertook to furnish

six hundred *schifati* for the old count and

five hundred for the Marquis. Thus

Hadrian in
conceding Amalfi, C[^]apua, and thr
northern con-
quests, legitimised po&se&tioro which
Inn
sora for a hundred years had refused
to
A great settlement of t*cek«astiat
dinputi[^] wa»
made, For the mainland territories
the Pope
was to «ereise the right of
gammoning synods,